## RAYSSIGUIER et al. U.S. National Phase of PCT/FR2003/003770

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- (currently amended) A method of treatment for preventing or treating oxidative
   stress, comprising the The use of prebiotics for the preparation of food preparations,
   functional foods, or pharmaceutical compositions intended to prevent or treat
   oxidative stress.
- 2. (currently amended) The use according to The method of claim 1, comprising the use of at least one oligosaccharide chosen from:
  - fructans
  - fructooligosaceharides (FOS)
  - galactooligosaccharides
  - xylooligosaccharides
  - soybean oligosaccharides
  - gentiooligosaccharides
  - isomaltooligosaccharides
- 3. (currently amended) The use according to The method of claim 1-or-2, comprising the use of fructooligosaccharides (FOS) of general formula Glucosyl-(Fructosyl)<sub>n</sub>-Fructose or (Fructosyl)<sub>m</sub>-Fructose where n represents an integer from 1 to 8, in particular from 1 to 5, and m represents an integer from 1 to 8, in particular from 1 to

## RAYSSIGUIER et al. U.S. National Phase of PCT/FR2003/003770

5, such as the short-chain FOS, 1 -kestose, nystose or fructosylnystose.

- 4. (currently amended) The use of prebiotics according to one of claims 1 to 3 The method of claim 1, in the context of the prevention or treatment of oxidative stress linked to the consumption of sugars.
- 5. (currently amended) The use of prebiotics according to one of claims 1 to 4 The method of claim 1, in the context of the prevention or treatment of oxidative stress linked to the consumption of fructose.
- 6. (currently amended) The use of prebiotics according to one of claims 1 to 5 The method of claim 1, in the context of the prevention or treatment of oxidative stress which is due to a consumption of fructose in food greater than approximately 50 g/day on average.
- 7. (currently amended) The use of prebiotics according to one of claims 1 to 6 The method of claim 1, in which said prebiotics are administered at a daily dose of approximately 1 g to approximately 20 g, in particular approximately 2 g to approximately 17 g, in particular approximately 5 g to approximately 15 g.
- 8. (currently amended) The use of prebiotics according to one of claims 1 to 7 The method of claim 1, as compounds with an anti-radical effect in the context of the

## RAYSSIGUIER et al. U.S. National Phase of PCT/FR2003/003770

prevention or treatment of oxidative stress.

- 9. (currently amended) The use of prebiotics according to one of claims 1 to 8 The method of claim 1, as compounds with an anti-ageing effect linked to an effect which protects the cells of the organism against the action of free radicals.
- 10. (original) A food preparation comprising a mixture of fructooligosaccharides (FOS), as defined in claim 3, comprising 64 % Glucosyl-(Fructosyl)<sub>n</sub>-Fructose and 36 % (Fructosyl)<sub>m</sub>-Fructose, with average degrees of polymerization of 4.8, the proportion by weight of said FOS present in said preparation varying between 10% and 100%, and in particular being approximately 15% to approximately 35%, preferably approximately 20%, relative to the quantity of fructose present in said preparation.